MEMORANDUM

TO: Victoria A. Lipnic
   Acting Chair

FROM: Milton A. Mayo, Jr.
       Inspector General


Our review determined that EEOC has complied with the Improper Payments Information Act (IPIA), as amended by the IPERIA.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please contact LaTesha Goode, Auditor, 202-663-4344.

cc:

Germaine Roseboro, Chief Financial Officer

Raj Mohan, Director of Finance and Systems Services Division

Cynthia Pierre, Chief Operating Officer

Mona Papillon, Deputy Chief Operating Officer

Jim Paretti, Chief of Staff & Senior Counsel to Acting Chair Lipnic
U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
Office of Inspector General

FY’16 Agency Compliance with Improper Payment Legislation
2017-04-AOIG
MEMORANDUM

TO: Committee on Homeland Security & Governmental Affairs
   United States Senate
   340 Dirksen Senate Office Building
   Washington, DC 20510

   Committee on Oversight and Government Reform
   United States House of Representatives
   2157 Rayburn House Office Building
   Washington, DC 20515

   Honorable Victoria A. Lipnic, Acting Chair
   U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
   131 M St. NE
   Washington, DC 20507

   Beryl H. Davis
   Director, Financial Management and Assurance
   U.S. Government Accountability Office
   441 G Street, NW, Room 5490
   Washington, DC 20548

   Mark Reger
   Deputy Controller, Office of Federal Financial Management
   Office of Management and Budget
   725 17th Street, NW
   Washington, DC 20503

FROM: Milton A. Mayo, Jr.
   Inspector General

SUBJECT: U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission’s FY 2016 Compliance with
         the Improper Payments Information Act (IPIA), as amended by the Improper
         Payments Elimination and Recovery Act P.L. 111-204 (IPERA), and the
         Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Improvement Act P.L. 112-248
         (IPERIA)
Office of Inspector General

The IPERIA requires agencies and entities, such as the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC), with improper payment estimates that do not meet the statutory thresholds to report an estimate of the annual amount and rate of improper payments, as well as reduction targets in their annual Agency Financial Reports (AFRs) or Performance and Accountability Reports (PARs) per M-15-02 Part IA 9 Step 4c (page 16). These agencies also are required to conduct a risk assessment to identify programs/activities that may be susceptible to significant improper payments. If an agency determines that it is not at high risk for significant improper payments, then risk assessments are required every 3 years. If no programs are at risk for significant improper payments, the other requirements on annual reduction targets, corrective action plans, etc. are not applicable. Additionally, small agencies should have a payment recapture program in place.

Based on our findings, we determined the agency has complied with the Improper Payments Information Act (IPIA), as amended by IPERIA. To satisfy our reporting requirements, we communicated with the agency’s Chief Financial Officer (CFO) to determine whether a risk assessment was conducted to identify programs/activities in the agency that may be susceptible to significant improper payments and whether the agency has a payment recapture program in place. The CFO indicated that the agency conducted an agency-wide risk assessment via a statistical sampling of vendor and travel payments in FY 2016. Additionally, the agency relied on the results of the FY 2016 financial statement audit, which did not uncover duplicate/improper payments, and agency internal controls in place relating to payments. The CFO concluded that the agency is not at risk for significant improper payments and determined that there were no significant improper payments made during FY 2016. The agency plans to continue performing in house-risk assessments. As a result of the CFO’s response, the requirement for annual reduction targets, corrective action plans, etc., is not applicable. Additionally, in regard to having a payment recapture program in place, the CFO indicated that if any improper payments arise in the future, the agency will establish an accounts receivable and follow the procedure of collection. The agency has a process in place to refer all valid debts for collection through the U.S. Department of Treasury’s FedDebt system.

Further, both the FY 2016 Financial Statement Audit and the agency’s Performance and Accountability Report (PAR) are posted on the agency’s website.

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1 The IPERIA, which was signed into law on January 10, 2013, amends the Improper Payments Elimination and Recovery Act (IPERA; P.L. 111-204) of 2010 and the Improper Payments Information Act (IPIA; P.L. 107-300) of 2002, and directed the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to issue implementing guidance to agencies. On October 20, 2014, OMB issued revised government-wide implementation guidance, OMB Memorandum, M-15-02, Appendix C to Circular A-123 Requirements for Effective Estimation and Remediation of Improper Payments.

2 OMB Memorandum 15-02 Appendix C to Circular A-123, Requirements for Effective Estimation and Remediation of Improper Payments states that Inspectors General should review the agency’s AFR or PAR (and any accompanying information) for the most recent fiscal year to determine compliance under IPIA. There are six requirements that an agency must meet to be in compliance with the IPIA. Among these are that agencies must publish an AFR or PAR and conduct program specific risk assessments if required.
If there are any questions regarding our review and determinations please contact LaTesha L. Goode, Auditor, she may be reached at (202) 663-4344 or by email at latesha.goode@eeoc.gov.

cc:

Germaine Roseboro, Chief Financial Officer
Raj Mohan, Director of Finance and Systems Services Division
Cynthia Pierre, Chief Operating Officer
Mona Papillon, Deputy Chief Operating Officer
Jim Parette, Chief of Staff & Senior Counsel to Acting Chair Lipnic